The DOE Webinar will begin at 2:00 p.m. EST

Why is there no sound?

- Try turning the volume up on your computer speakers.
- For technical support please call 1-800-843-9166; For help via email, please send your inquiries to help@readytalk.com

Will DOE provide access to the recorded webinar after the meeting?

 Yes, all those who registered will receive a link to the slides and to the recorded webinar soon after the meeting. It will also be available on the DOE SBIR/STTR web site.

Where can I find the Funding Opportunity Announcement being discussed today?

 This link will take you to the FY 2016 Phase I Release 2 Funding Opportunity Announcement:

http://science.energy.gov/~/media/grants/pdf/foas/2016/SC FOA 0001417.pdf

What if my question was not answered at today's webinar?

 Please contact us by email at <u>sbir-sttr@science.doe.gov</u> if your question was not answered during today's webinar.





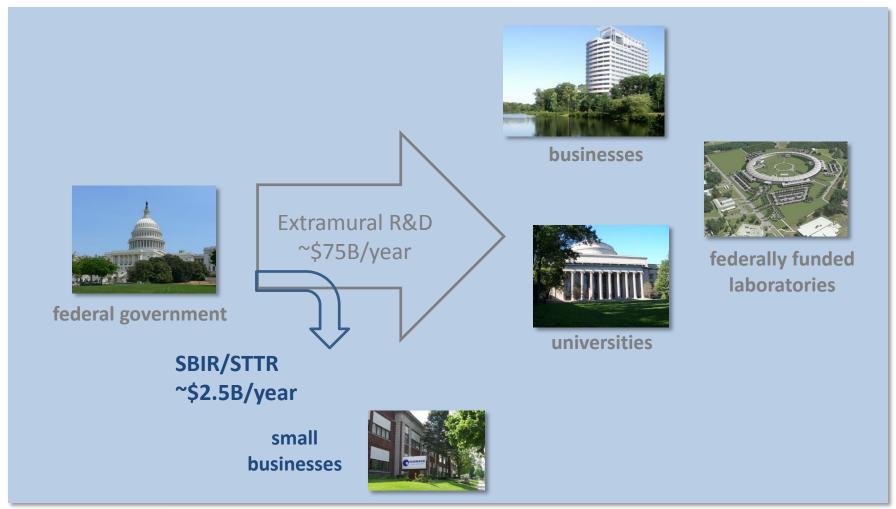
DOE's Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) and Small Business Technology TRansfer (STTR) Programs

Manny Oliver
Director, DOE SBIR/STTR Programs Office

DOE Webinar December 4, 2015



FEDERAL Extramural R&D



Program Goals

Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) est. 1982

- Stimulate technological innovation
- Use small business to meet Federal R&D needs
- Foster and encourage participation by women and socially and economically disadvantaged persons in technological innovation
- Increase private-sector commercialization of innovations derived from Federal R&D

Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) est. 1992

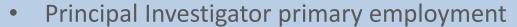
- Stimulate and foster scientific and technological innovation through cooperative research and development carried out between small business concerns and research institutions
- Foster technology transfer between small business concerns and research institutions

SBIR and STTR were reauthorized on December 31, 2011 (P.L. 112-81) through September 30, 2017



Major Differences between SBIR & STTR

- STTR: Requires Collaboration with a Research Institution
 - Research Institution
 - College, University, Federal R&D Laboratory, other non-profit research organization

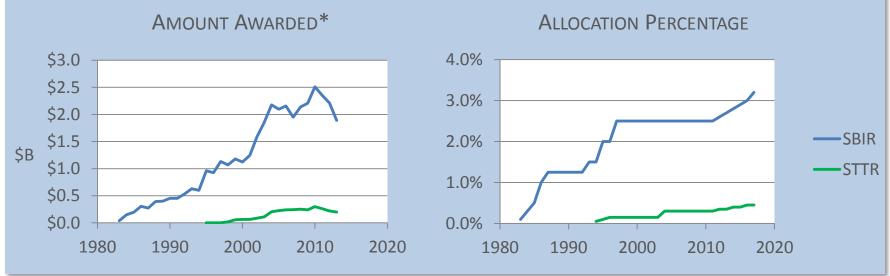


- SBIR: employed by the small business
- STTR: employed by the small business OR research institution
- Percentage of R/R&D conducted by the small business
 - SBIR
 - Phase I: minimum 2/3 by small business
 - Phase II: minimum 1/2 by small business
 - STTR:
 - Phase I & II: minimum 40% by small business; minimum 30% by research institution
 - Subcontracting is permitted provided the level of effort requirements above are met



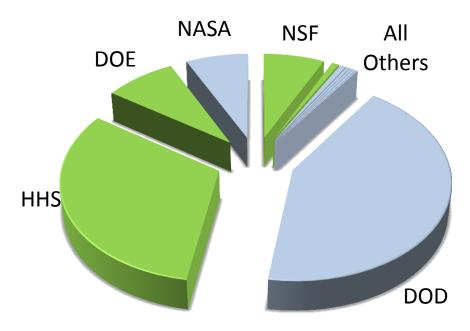
SBIR & STTR Funding Levels

- Agencies allocate a percentage of their extramural R/R&D budgets for the SBIR & STTR programs
 - SBIR: 3.0% (FY 2016), for agencies with >\$100M in extramural R/R&D
 - STTR: 0.45% (FY 2016), for agencies with >\$1B in extramural R/R&D
- Congress has increased the allocation percentages since the programs were initiated





SBIR/STTR Budgets by Agency, FY2015



~ \$2.5B in FY2015 across all agencies





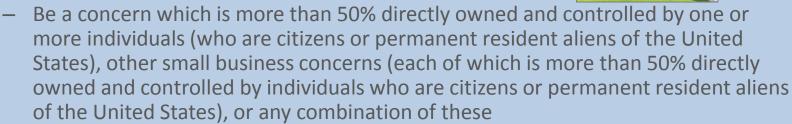
Agencies with SBIR and STTR Programs	Budget
Department of Defense (DOD)	\$ 1.070 B
Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), including the National Institutes of Health (NIH)*	\$797.0 M
Department of Energy (DOE), including Advanced Research Projects Agency – Energy (ARPA-E)	\$206.1M
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)	\$ 180.1 M
National Science Foundation (NSF)	\$176.0 M
Agencies with SBIR Programs	Budget
IIC Department of Agriculture (IICDA)	
U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)	\$20.3M
Department of Agriculture (OSDA) Department of Homeland Security (DHS): Science and Technology Directorate (S&T) and Domestic Nuclear Detection Office (DNDO)	\$20.3M \$17.7 M
Department of Homeland Security (DHS): Science and Technology Directorate (S&T) and	
Department of Homeland Security (DHS): Science and Technology Directorate (S&T) and Domestic Nuclear Detection Office (DNDO) Department of Commerce: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and National	\$17.7 M
Department of Homeland Security (DHS): Science and Technology Directorate (S&T) and Domestic Nuclear Detection Office (DNDO) Department of Commerce: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)*	\$17.7 M \$8.4M
Department of Homeland Security (DHS): Science and Technology Directorate (S&T) and Domestic Nuclear Detection Office (DNDO) Department of Commerce: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)* Department of Transportation (DOT)	\$17.7 M \$8.4M \$7.9 M

^{*}NIH also issues contracts; within DOC, NIST issues grants and NOAA issues contracts



Small Business Eligibility for SBIR & STTR

- For-profit U.S. business
- 500 employees or fewer, including affiliates
- Ownership (applies to all agencies)



- Joint ventures where the entities meet the requirements above
- Portfolio Companies (currently only NIH & ARPA-E)
 - Be a concern which is more than 50% owned by multiple venture capital operating companies, hedge funds, private equity firms, or any combination of these. No single venture capital operating company, hedge fund, or private equity firm may own more than 50% of the concern.
- Performance of R&D
 - All R&D must be performed in the United States





3 Phases

PHASE I: FEASIBILITY, PROOF OF CONCEPT

- Award Amount: \$150,000 (guideline), \$225,000 (max.)
- Project Duration: 6-12 months





PHASE II: CONTINUE R/R&D FOR PROTOTYPES OR PROCESSES

- Award Amount: \$1,000,000 (guideline), \$1,500,000 (max.)
- Project Duration: 2 years





PHASE III: COMMERCIALIZATION

- Federal or Private Funding (non-SBIR/STTR funds)
- No dollar or time limits





SBIR and STTR Awards

- Critical Early Stage R/R&D funding
 - The SBIR & STTR programs provide funding for high risk, innovative projects
 - SBIR & STTR awards provide credibility when seeking funding or partners
- SBIR/STTR awards are executed as grants or contracts
 - No repayment
 - No dilution of company equity
 - No cost sharing is required for Phases I and II. Cost sharing may not be used as an evaluation criteria.





Intellectual Property

Patent rights

 Small business concerns normally retain the principal worldwide patent rights to any invention developed with Government support

Government Use

 The Federal Government receives a royalty-free license for Federal Government use



http://www.uspto.gov/

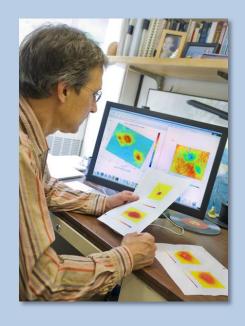
Data Protection

Protection Period

 Data generated from your R/R&D is protected from public disclosure for a minimum of 4 years (civilian agencies) or 5 years (DOD) after the conclusion of your award (Phase I, Phase II, or federally funded Phase III)

Government Use

 The Government retains a royalty-free license for Government use of any technical data delivered under an SBIR award, whether patented or not



DOE SBIR & STTR Programs: Technology Areas

U. S. Department of Energy Mission

- The mission of the Department of Energy is to ensure America's security and prosperity by addressing its energy, environmental, and nuclear challenges through transformative science and technology solutions.
 - Goal 1: Catalyze the timely, material, and efficient transformation of the nation's energy system and secure U.S. leadership in clean energy technologies.
 - Goal 2: Maintain a vibrant U.S. effort in science and engineering as a cornerstone of our economic prosperity, with clear leadership in strategic areas.
 - Goal 3: Enhance nuclear security through defense, nonproliferation, and environmental efforts.

Program Offices Participating in the DOE SBIR/STTR Programs Electricity Delivery & Energy Reliability Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy Fossil Energy **Nuclear Energy** Advanced Scientific Computing Research **Basic Energy Sciences** Biological & Environmental Research **Fusion Energy Sciences High Energy Physics Nuclear Physics Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Environmental Management**



Operation of the DOE SBIR and STTR Programs

- DOE Program Office
 - Develop Topics
 - Identify Reviewers(Scientific Peer Review)
 - Recommend Awardees
 - Manage Projects

Technical Expertise Leveraged
Throughout DOE





- Negotiate Grants
- Issue New andContinuation Awards
- Grant Closeout



Single Grants Office for Awardees

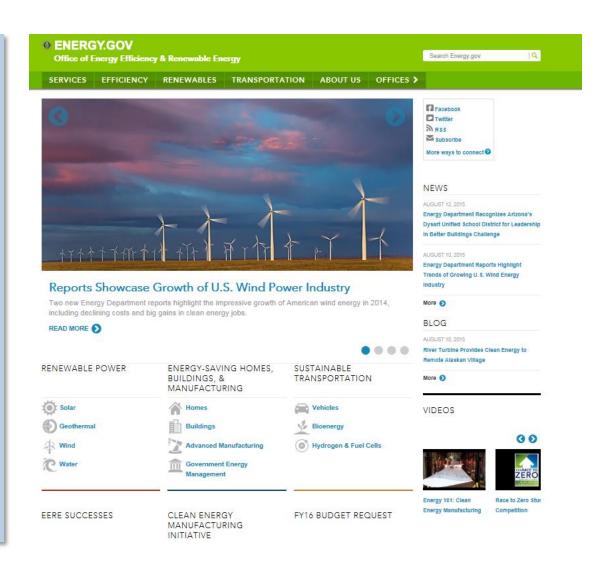
- DOE SBIR/STTR Programs Office
 - Develop Funding Opportunity
 Announcements
 - Administer Review and Selection Process
 - Ensure Compliance with SBIR/STTR Legislation
 - Conduct Outreach

Single Administrative Office for Applicants



Information Available at DOE Program Office Websites

- Mission
- Technical Reference Data and Reports
- Conference Proceedings
- Contact
 Information





DOE Program Offices supporting Goal 1: Clean Energy Technologies

- Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability
- Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy
- Office of Fossil Energy
- Office of Nuclear Energy



R&D Topic Areas

- Clean Coal Technologies
- Advanced Turbine Technology
- Oil and Gas Technologies
- Advanced Materials and

Technologies for Nuclear Energy

- Smart Grid Technologies
- Energy Storage
- Bio-energy & Biofuels
- Hydrogen & Fuel Cells
- Solar Power
- Water Power
- Wind Energy
- Advanced Manufacturing
- Efficient Buildings & Vehicles

DOE Program Offices Supporting Goal 2: Science and Engineering Leadership

- Advanced Scientific Computing Research
- Basic Energy Sciences
- Biological and Environmental Research
- Fusion Energy Sciences
- High Energy Physics
- Nuclear Physics



R&D Topic Areas

- Advanced Detectors
- Accelerator technology
- RF Components and Systems
- Data Acquisition, Processing and Analysis
- Fusion Energy Systems
- High Performance Computing & Networking
- Modeling and Simulation
- Atmospheric Measurement Technology
- Genomic Science and Related Biotechnologies
- Advanced Sources: neutron, x-ray, electron

DOE Program Offices Supporting Goal 3: Nuclear Security

- Office of Defense Nuclear
 Nonproliferation
- Office of Environmental Management



R&D Topic Areas

- Novel Radiation Monitoring Concepts
- In Situ Remediation
- Facility Deactivation and

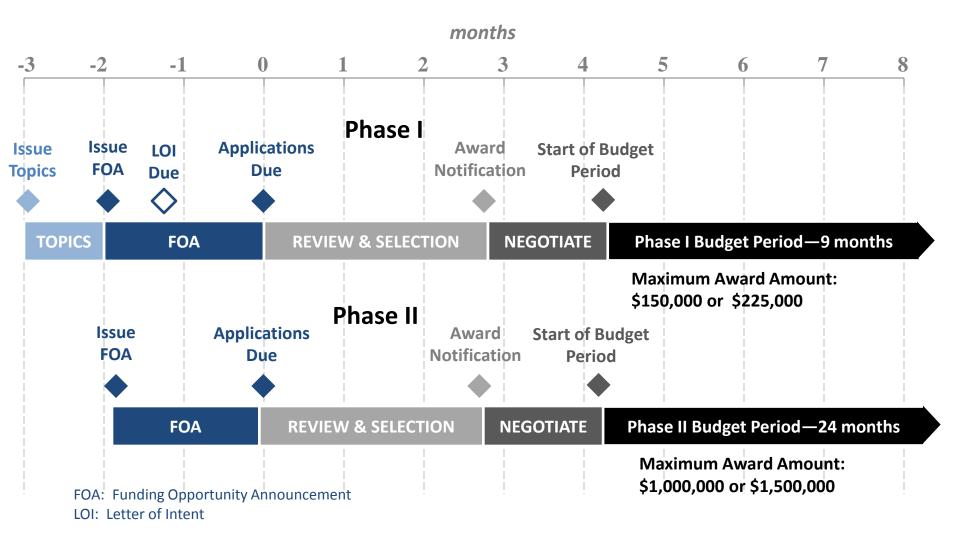
Decommissioning

- Remote Sensing
- Global Nuclear Safeguards R&D
- Nuclear Detonation Detection

DOE SBIR & STTR Programs: Application & Award Process

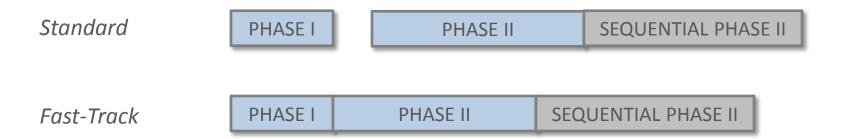


Application & Award Timelines





Award Sequence



Sequential Phase II Awards

- Phase IIA: For projects requiring more time and funding than available with a single Phase II award to complete prototype or process development
- Phase IIB: For projects requiring additional R&D funding to transition an innovation towards commercialization



FY2016 SBIR/STTR Phase I Funding Opportunity Announcements

Phase I Release 1

- Office of Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR)
- Office of Basic Energy Sciences (BES)
- Office of Biological and Environmental Research (BES)
- Office of Nuclear Physics (NP)

Phase I Release 2

- Office of Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation (NA)
- Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability (OE)
- Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)
- Office of Environmental Management (EM)
- Office of Fossil Energy (FE)
- Office of Fusion Energy Sciences (FES)
- Office of High Energy Physics (HEP)
- Office of Nuclear Energy (NE)



Schedule: FY16 Phase I, Releases 1&2

Phase I FOA Schedule	Release 1	Release 2
Topics Issued	July 20, 2015	November 2, 2015
Topic Webinars	Week of July 27, 2015	Week of November 9, 2015
Funding Opportunity Announcement Issued	August 17, 2015	November 30, 2015
FOA Webinar	August 21, 2015	December 4, 2015
Letters of Intent Due	September 8, 2015	December 21, 2015
Full Applications Due	October 19, 2015	February 9, 2016
Award Notification	Early January 2016*	Early May 2016*
Grant Start Date	February 22, 2016*	June 13, 2016*

*preliminary dates subject to change



Schedule: FY16 Phase II, Releases 1&2

Phase II FOA Schedule	Release 1	Release 2
Funding Opportunity Announcement Issued	October 26, 2015	February 16, 2016
Letters of Intent Due (Supplemental Phase II only)	November 16, 2015	March 16, 2016
Full Applications Due	December 15, 2015	April 5, 2016
Award Notification	Late February 2016*	Mid-June 2016*
Grant Start Date	April 11, 2016*	August 1, 2016*

*preliminary dates subject to change



Online Assistance for the Application Process

- We have launched a new online learning system to assist new applicants:
 - http://www.doesbirlearn ing.com/
- Additional resources can be found on our website:
 - http://science.energy.go
 v/sbir/applicant-andawardee-resources/



Topics

- Topics Document
 - DOE primarily uses focused topics
 - Issued 4 weeks prior to the Funding
 Opportunity Announcement
- Communication with DOE program managers
 - Open communication permitted
- Webinar
 - DOE program managers discuss their topics
 - Applicants submit questions in advance or during the webinar
 - Webinars are recorded and available from our website



U.S. Department of Energy

Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) and Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program

Topics

FY 2016 Phase I

Release 1

Version 3, August 18, 2015

Participating DOE Research Programs

- Office of Advanced Scientific Computing Research
- Office of Basic Energy Sciences
- Office of Biological and Environmental Research
- Office of Nuclear Physics

Example Topic

- **Topic & Subtopic**
 - You must specify the topic and subtopic in your letter of intent and application
- **Topic Header**
 - List the maximum award amounts for Phase I & Phase II ant the types of application accepted
- Program Manager
 - Each subtopic lists the responsible DOE program manager
- Other Subtopic
- References

4. RADIATION DETECTION

Maximum Phase I Award Amount: \$150,000	Maximum Phase II Award Amount: \$1,000,000
Accepting SBIR Phase I Applications: YES	Accepting SBIR Fast-Track Applications: YES
Acconting STTD Phase I Applications: VES	According STTD East Track Applications: VES

The Office of Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Research and Development (NA-22) is focused on enabling the development of next generation technical capabilities for radiation detection of nuclear proliferation activities. As such, the office is interested in the development of radiation detection techniques and sensors and advanced detection materials that address the detection and isotope identification of unshielded and shielded special nuclear materials, and other radioactive materials in all environments. In responding to these challenging requirements, recent research and development has resulted in the emergence of radiation detection materials that have good energy resolution. From these materials, the developments of radiation detectors that are rugged, reliable, low power and capable of high-confidence radioisotope identification are sought. Currently, the program is focused on the development of improved capabilities for both scintillator and semiconductor-based radiation

DNN R&D holds an annual University Information Technical Interchange (UITI) program review meeting where University and SBIR projects are presented to the program managers. All awardees are required to attend and present their progress at this meeting each year.

Grant applications are sought only in the following subtopics:

a. Handheld Detectors Using New Scintillator Materials

Spectroscopic handheld detectors incorporating a new scintillator, possibly coupled with a photomultiplier tube replacement technology. Low-cost, readily manufactured devices with performance equivalent, to or exceeding, Ce:LaBr3 are of greatest interest.

Questions - contact: David Beach, David.Beach@nnsa.doe.gov

b. Photomultiplier Tube Replacement Technology

Alternatives requested to replace the existing PMT technology with new silicon photomultipliers (SiPM) used in a vast number of nuclear detectors. Important features needed are compatibility with high resolution detectors, signal shaping, voltage supply, temperature stabilization, high photodetection efficiency, dynamic range, and low thermal noise.

Questions - contact: David Beach, David.Beach@nnsa.doe.gov

In addition to the specific subtopics listed above, the Department invites grant applications in other areas that fall within the scope of the topic description above.

Questions - contact: David Beach, David Beach@nnsa.doe.gov

References:

- 1. G.F. Knoll, Radiation Detection and Measurement, J. Wiley Publishers, New York, Available at http://www.wiley.com/WileyCDA/WileyTitle/productCd-EHEP001606.html
- L.A Boatner, et al. (2013). Bridgman Growth of Large Srl₂:Eu²⁺ Single Crystals: A High-performance Scintillator for Radiation Detection Applications. Journal Of Crystal Growth. Volume 379. pp 63-68. Available at http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022024813000821
- 3. Zewu Yan, et al. (2014). Eu²⁺-activated BaCl₂, BaBr₂ and Bal₂ Scintillators Revisited. NUCLEAR Instruments & Methods in Physics Research Section A-Accelerators, Spectrometers, Detectors, and Associated Equipment. Volume 735. pp 83-87. Available at http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0168900213012552

- 1 G.F. Knoll (2010) Radiation Detection and Measurement I. Wiley Publishers, New York, Available at http://www.wiley.com/WileyCDA/WileyTitle/productCd-EHEP001606.html
- 2. G. Collazuol. (2012). The SIPM Physics and Technology a Review. PhotoDet 2012. https://indico.cern.ch/event/164917/contribution/72/material/slides/0.pdf



Technology Transfer Opportunities (TTOs)

- An opportunity to transfer inventions made by a DOE National Lab or university to your small business for commercialization
- Awardees receive
 - an SBIR/STTR grant and
 - an option to license the technology
- Please review TTO information section at the beginning of the topic document if you plan to submit an application to a TTO.





Example Technology Transfer Opportunity Topic

- Technology Transfer Opportunity
 - The topic or subtopic will be clearly labeled
- Research Organization
 - The DOE National
 Lab or university
 responsible for the
 TTO is listed along
 with contact
 information and
 other references
 - Please contact the Lab or university to obtain information about the TTO
- DOE Program Manager

10. TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER OPPORTUNITIES: BASIC ENERGY SCIENCES

Maximum Phase I Award Amount: \$225,000	Maximum Phase II Award Amount: \$1,500,000
Accepting SBIR Phase I Applications: YES	Accepting SBIR Fast-Track Applications: YES
Accepting STTR Phase I Applications: YES	Accepting STTR Fast-Track Applications: YES

Applicants to Technology Transfer Opportunities should review the section describing Technology Transfer Opportunities on page 1 of this document prior to submitting applications.

Grant applications are sought only in the following sub-topics:

a. Improved Ambient Ionization Source for Mass Spectrometry

An improved method and apparatus for surface ionization of samples for analysis by mass spectrometry has been developed. Analytes are probed using a small droplet of solvent that is formed at the junction between two capillaries. A supply capillary maintains the droplet of solvent on the substrate; a collection capillary collects analyte desorbed from the surface and emits analyte ions as a focused spray to the inlet of a mass spectrometer for analysis. The device has been shown to provide superior sensitivity to other methods of surface ionization and is particularly useful for imaging applications of mass spectrometry. Experimental results using the patented technology have been widely published including in Analytical Chemistry 2010, 82, 7979–7986. A need exists for a commercial partner to develop a commercial version of the new instrument for use by the broader research community.

Pacific Northwest National Laboratory information:

TTO information: http://availabletechnologies.pnnl.gov/technology.asp?id=313

Patent Status: USPTO # 8,097,845

USPTO Link http://patft.uspto.gov/netacgi/nph-

Parser?Sect1=PTO2&Sect2=HITOFF&p=1&u=%2Fnetahtml%2FPTO%2Fsearch-

bool.html&r=1&f=G&l=50&co1=AND&d=PTXT&s1=8097845.PN.&OS=PN/8097845&RS=PN/8097845

TTO tracking number: IPID-16593

Contact: Bruce Harrer; (509) 375-6958; bruce.harrer@pnnl.gov or

Julia Laskin; (509) 371-6136; julia.laskin@pnnl.gov

Questions – contact <u>Larry.Rahn@science.doe.gov</u>



Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA)

- FOA
 - Available at the <u>DOE SBIR website</u> or <u>Grants.gov</u> and includes information on
 - Anticipated number of awards and funding available
 - Eligibility
 - Application Requirements
 - Review Criteria
 - Award Administration
 - Open for approximately 9 weeks
- Communications with DOE program managers
 - Open communication permitted to clarify the scope of the topic and subtopic



FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FUNDING OPPORTUNITY ANNOUNCEMENT

Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR)

FY 2016 Phase I Release 1

Funding Opportunity Number: DE-FOA-0001366 CFDA Number: 81.049

ISSUE DATE: August 17, 2015

LETTER OF INTENT DUE DATE: Tuesday, September 08, 2015, 5:00 PM EASTERN TIME

PRE-APPLICATION DUE DATE: Not Required

APPLICATION DUE DATE: Monday, October 19, 2015, 11:59 PM EASTERN TIME



Commercialization

- DOE topics are drafted by program managers who are aware of the technology roadblocks but may not be aware of the commercialization challenges
- Small business applications are expected to address the commercialization challenges and ensure that there is a profitable business opportunity
 - Phase I & II Applications must include Commercialization Plans
- DOE performs follow-up surveys to track commercialization outcomes of its SBIR/STTR awards



Letters of Intent (LOI)

Requirement

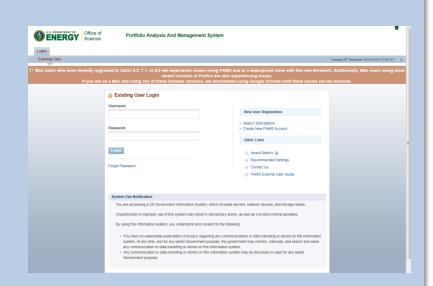
- You must submit an LOI by the due date to be eligible to submit an application
- Primary purpose
 - begin reviewer assignment to reduce award cycle time
 - due 3 weeks after FOA is issued
- Secondary purpose
 - provide email notification to applicants who appear to be non-responsive; you may submit a formal application if you receive this notification
 - Applicants whose LOI appears responsive will NOT receive a notification
- Limits
 - Small businesses may submit only 10 letters of intent (and 10 applications) per solicitation

Content of LOI

- Title
- Topic and subtopic
- Abstract (<500 words)
 - Provide sufficient technical detail to enable reviewer assignment
 - Non-proprietary
- List of collaborators
- Small business information
 - Name, address
 - Business official and contact information
 - Principal investigator
- Phase I or Fast-Track

Letter of Intent (LOI) Submission

- Submit LOI online directly to the DOE
 Portfolio Analysis and Management
 System (PAMS) website:
 https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/.
 - Select "Create New PAMS Account" (if you do not have an account)
 - Submit your abstract as a PDF file
 - Utilize the <u>LOI instructions</u> available at the DOE website to ensure that you submit all the required information
 - For additional details on the LOI submission process, see the Funding Opportunity Announcement



Application Process: Registration

- Applications must be submitted through <u>Grants.gov</u>
- Registration at Grants.gov is a 3 step process
 - 1. Obtain a DUNS number
 - 2. Complete a SAM registration.
 - Must be updated annually
 - 3. Complete Grants.gov registration
 - Start this process as early as possible!
- See the Grants.gov <u>Applicant User Guide</u> for more details on this process
- SBA company registry
 - Small businesses must register at the SBA company registry
 (http://www.sbir.gov/registration) and submit a copy of their registration with their grants.gov application

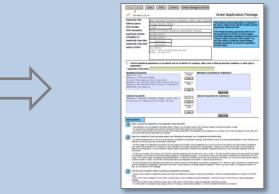


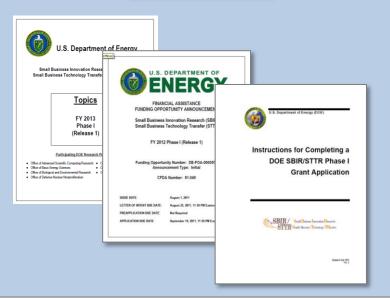


Completing an Application

- Download and complete the application package
 - Available at Grants.gov
 - Can be completed offline

- Important documents to assist you with completing the application package
 - Topics Document, Funding
 Opportunity Announcement, &
 Instructions are available at the <u>DOE</u>
 <u>SBIR/STTR website</u>
 - New! Online tutorials are available at http://www.doesbirlearning.com/

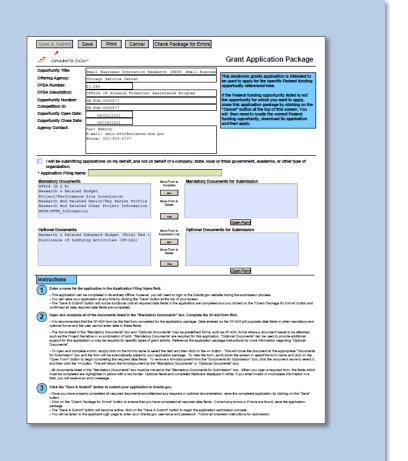






Important Elements of Your Application

- Project Narrative
 - Page and word limits
 - Phase I: 15 pages, 7,500 words
 - Phase II: 20 pages, 10,000 words
 - Fast-Track: 25 pages, 12,500 words
- Budget & Budget Justification
- Key Personnel
- Commercialization Plans
 - Phase I commercialization plan
 - An example can be found <u>here</u>
 - Phase II commercialization plan
- SBIR/STTR Information
- Data Management Plan



Data Management Plan

Purpose

Disseminate, as widely as possible, data generated with public funding

Requirement

All SBIR and STTR applications must select one of the two Data Management Plan (DMP)
options below:

Option 1

- The Option 1 DMP is: "It is anticipated that all generated digital data will be protected as SBIR/STTR data and therefore will not be publicly shared during the applicable SBIR/STTR data protection period." If any data generated under this award are published, an effort will be made to also release any related digital data that is not protected SBIR/STTR data."
- Please note that if you do not include a DMP with your application, Option 1 for the DMP will be assumed for your application. However, If you plan to publicly disclose generated digital data, you must provide a DMP under Option 2.

Option 2

 If you plan to publicly disclose technical data during the data protection period or, for data not expected to be asserted as protected SBIR/STTR rights data, please submit a DMP use the DMP requirements outlined in the Funding Opportunity Announcement.

Phase 0 Assistance Program

Goal

- increase the number of responsive, high quality proposals from underrepresented groups
 - small businesses from states with historically low SBIR/STTR applications to the DOE
 - AK, DC, GA, HI, IA, ID, IN, KS, LA, ME, MN, MS, MT, NC, ND, NE, NY, OK, PA, PR, RI, SC, SD, WA, WI
 - women-owned small businesses
 - minority-owned small businesses

Services

- Letter of Intent (LOI) writing assistance
- Phase I proposal preparation, review and submission assistance
- Small business development training and mentoring
- Communication and market research assistance
- Technology advice and consultation
- Indirect rate and financial information

Cost

- Since this program is entirely funded by the DOE there is no cost to participants
- Website: http://www.dawnbreaker.com/doephase0/.



Top 5 Application Errors

- Serious Errors (Applications Ineligible for Review or Administratively Declined)
 - Failed to update SAM registration early—unable to submit application to Grants.gov by deadline
 - Failed to submit a Phase I Commercialization Plan
 - Submit in Field 12 of the Research & Related: Other Project Information Form
 - Improper filenames for attachments to grants.gov application
 - Use only standard characters in file names: A through Z, a through z, 0 through 9, and underscore (_). Do not use any special characters (example: "&", "-", "*", "%", "/", and "#") or spacing in the file name. Use underscore (example: "My_Attached_File.pdf") for word separation.
- Other Errors (may limit funding eligibility or delay award processing, if recommended for award)
 - Failed to accurately calculate level of effort (for SBIR and/or STTR)
 - Use <u>level of effort worksheet</u> to assist you with the calculation
 - Failed to properly mark proprietary data
 - See FOA for instructions



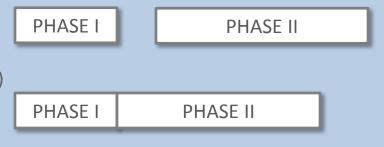
SBIR vs. STTR

- DOE uses the same topics for SBIR & STTR
 - All topics accept SBIR applications; some topics may not accept STTR applications so
 please check the topic header prior to submission
- Applicants can apply to either or both programs with a single application
 - If you apply to both programs, you must meet the requirements for both



Phase I vs. Fast-Track Applications

- Applicants may submit either a Phase I or Fast-Track application to our Phase I Funding Opportunity Announcements
- What is a Fast-Track application?
 - Combined Phase I/Phase II application
 - Budget period: up to 33 months
 - Up to 9 months for Phase I (6 month minimum)
 - Up to 24 months for Phase II
 - Technical Narrative
 - Covers the entire budget period
 - Commercialization Plan
 - Requires Phase II commercialization plan (Phase I commercialization plan not required)
- Applicants must have a compelling Phase I/Phase II application.
 - May not be suitable for risky Phase I research with many different paths for Phase II
 - May not be suitable for those with limited commercialization experience





Fast Track FAQ

- May I submit both a regular Phase I and a Fast-Track application for the same project?
 - NO. You must submit either a Phase I or a Fast-Track application, but not both
- What percentage of the awards will be Fast-Track vs. Phase I?
 - For FY15 approximately 3% of the applications received were Fast-Track and Fast-Track applications had slightly higher award rates than the Phase I applications
- Will all topics accept Fast-Track applications?
 - No. Please refer to the topic header to ensure that Fast-Track applications are being accepted

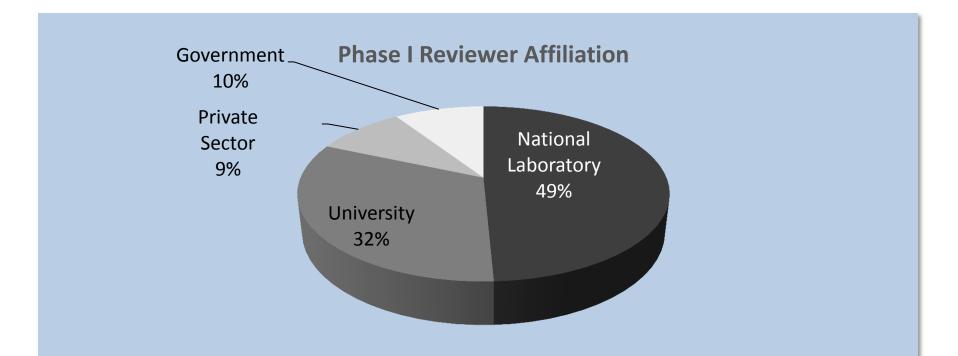
Review and Selection of Applications

- DOE primarily uses external peer review to evaluate your applications
 - Typically at least 3 technical reviewers
 - 1 reviewer for the Phase II commercialization plan
- Review Criteria (equally weighted)
 - Strength of the Scientific/Technical Approach
 - Ability to Carry Out the Project in a Cost Effective Manner
 - Impact
- You will be notified of the decision on your application within 90 days of the application deadline
 - Reviewer comments will be made available to you. Use this feedback constructively to improve future applications



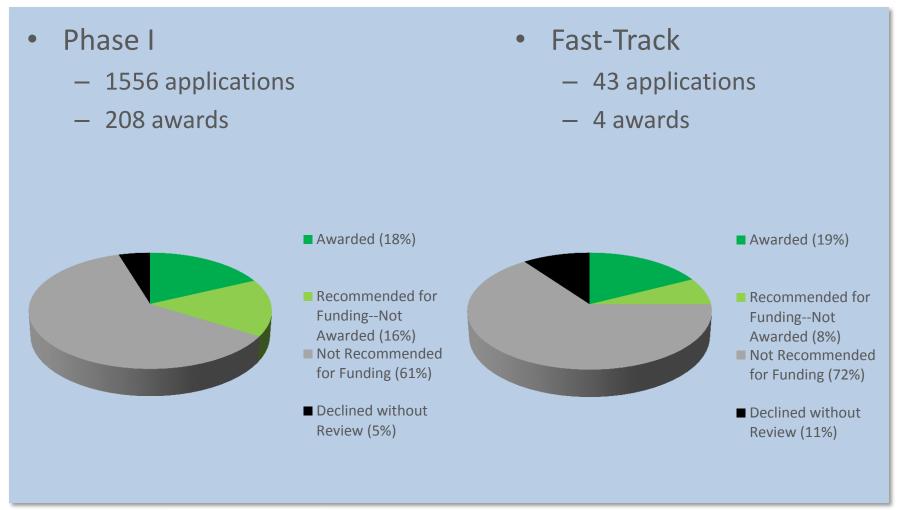


Technical Reviewer Affiliation

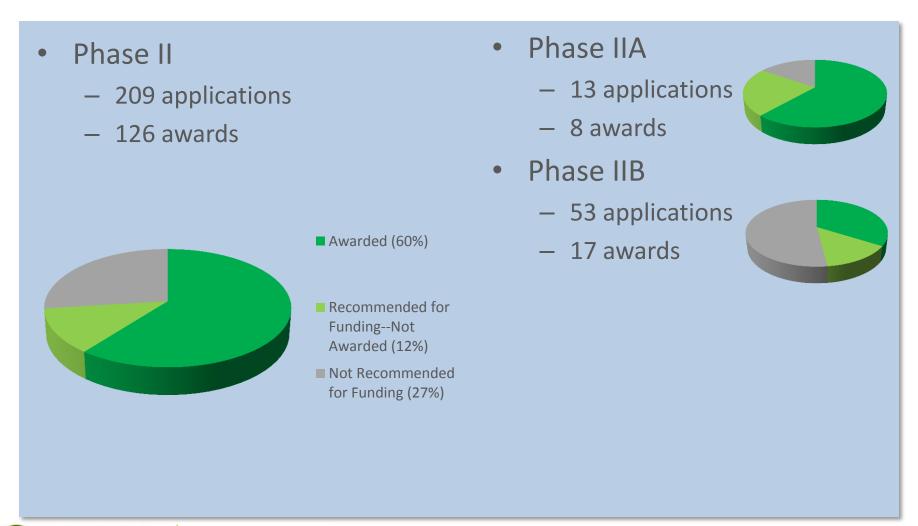


• Reviewers agree that (1) they will keep application information confidential and (2) they do not have a conflict of interest in reviewing the application.

Application & Award Statistics for FY 2015



Application & Award Statistics for FY 2015



Commercialization Assistance

- DOE Commercialization Assistance
 - Provided by Dawnbreaker



- Phase Lassistance
 - Commercialization Readiness Assessment
 - Focused assistance with development of Phase II commercialization plans
- Phase II assistance
 - Flexible offerings to meet a variety of commercialization needs
- http://science.energy.gov/sbir/commercialization-assistance/
- Company-selected commercialization assistance vendor
 - Up to \$5000 for Phase I; up to \$5000/year in Phase II
 - Companies may select their own vendors to provide commercialization assistance
 - Company must include this vendor as a subcontractor or consultant in their
 Phase I or II application



DOE Office of Inspector General Fraud, Waste & Abuse



DOE Office of Inspector General Combating Fraud

- What types of fraud are found in the SBIR Program?
- Application Process
 - submitting a plagiarized proposal
 - providing false information regarding the company, the Principal Investigator (PI), or work to be performed
 - seeking funding for work that has already been completed
- During Award
 - using award funds for personal use or for any use other than the proposed activities
 - submitting plagiarized reports or reports falsely claiming work has been completed
 - claiming results for an award that were funded by a different source

DOE Office of Inspector General Knowing the Rules

Which SBIR rules should you be particularly familiar with?

- Duplicate or overlapping proposals may not be submitted to multiple agencies without full disclosure to all agencies.
- The company must meet SBA's requirements for a small business, including being majority American owned and have 500 employees or fewer.
- For SBIR: The PI's primary employment must be with the company during the grant period. The PI may not be employed full time elsewhere.
- For SBIR: For Phase I, a minimum of two thirds of the research effort must be performed by the grantee company; for Phase II, a minimum of one-half of the research effort must be performed by the grantee company. Work performed by a university research lab is NOT work completed by the grantee company.
- University employees participating on an SBIR award should disclose their involvement to the university as well as their use of university facilities.
- R&D must be performed in the United States.

DOE Office of Inspector General Consequences

What Happens If You Break the Rules?

- If you commit fraud or other wrongdoing in applying for or carrying out an SBIR award, we will investigate.
- We refer violations of civil or criminal law to the Department of Justice (DOJ). If DOJ prosecutes you for fraud or false statements, you may be sentenced to prison and required to pay full restitution. If DOJ pursues a civil action under the False Claims Act, you may have to pay treble damages and \$11,000 for each false claim. In addition, DOE may terminate your awards and debar you from receiving grants or contracts from any federal agency.

Recent Prosecution

Fla. Scientists Sentenced For \$10.6M Federal Grant Fraud

By Nathan Hale

Law360, Miami (September 11, 2015, 5:08 PM ET) -- Two scientists convicted of fraudulently obtaining government research grants from the U.S. Department of Defense and other agencies were sentenced Thursday in Tampa, Florida, to federal prison terms and ordered to pay \$10.6 million in restitution.

U.S. District Judge Virginia Hernandez Covington ordered 15 years' imprisonment for Mahmoud Aldissi and 13 years for Anastassia Bogomolova, who were both **found guilty by a federal jury** on March 20.

Aldissi, owner of Fractal Systems Inc., and Bogomolova, owner of Smart Polymers Research Corp., were convicted of submitting proposals for research contracts between 2004 and 2014 using stolen identities in order to create false endorsements for their proposed contracts. The jury found each of them guilty of 15 counts, including conspiracy, wire fraud, falsification of records and aggravated identity theft.

http://www.law360.com/articles/701813/fla-scientists-sentenced-for-10-6m-federal-grant-fraud



DOE Office of Inspector General Reporting Fraud

- The Department of Energy's Office of Inspector General (OIG) promotes the effective, efficient, and economical operation of DOE's programs and operations through audits, inspections, investigations, and other reviews.
- Within DOE OIG, the Office of Investigations is responsible for investigating any fraudulent acts involving DOE, its contractors or subcontractors, or any crime affecting the programs, operations, Government funds, or employees of those entities.
- If you want additional information or to report wrongdoing

Internet: ig.energy.gov

E-mail: ighotline@hq.doe.gov Telephone: 202-586-4073 Hotline: 800-541-1625 Fax: 202-586-5697

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL ATTN: OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS 1000 INDEPENDENCE AVENUE, SW MAIL STOP 5D-031 WASHINGTON, DC 20585

Questions?

Contact information:

- DOE SBIR/STTR Operations: 301-903-5707
- DOE SBIR/STTR Email: sbir-sttr@science.doe.gov

Our Website:

• DOE SBIR/STTR Website: www.science.energy.gov/sbir

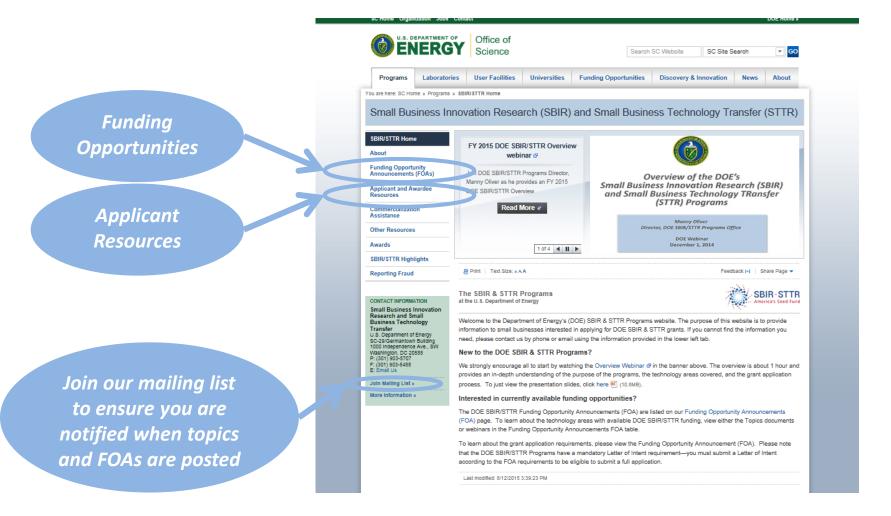
Join our Mailing List:

• DOE SBIR/STTR Mailing List: http://1.usa.gov/12SkziW

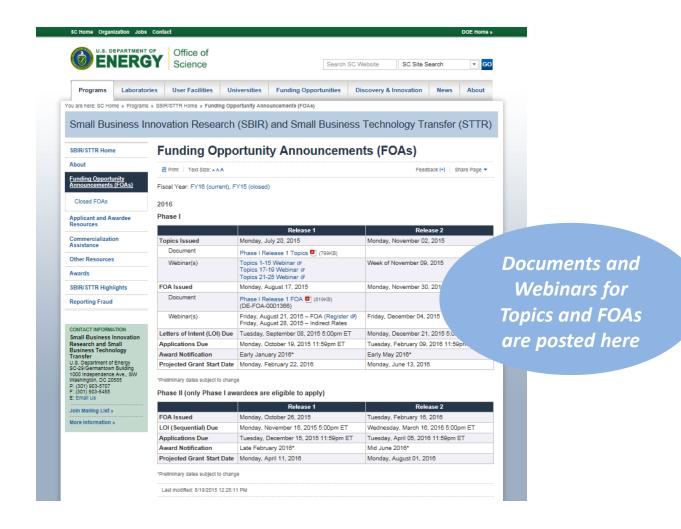
Resources

DOE SBIR webpage

http://science.energy.gov/sbir/



DOE Funding Opportunities Tab



general information for those new to SBIR

Federal SBIR webpage sbir.gov

